

Improving Resiliency to Coastal Flooding

City of Delray Beach

Town Hall Meeting – Palm Trail March 12 & 13, 2020

Presentation Overview



- Resilience Planning Efforts
- Capital Improvement Projects
- State & Federal Coordination
- Comparison of Seawall Ordinances In Nearby Communities
- Community Input







Stormwater Master Plan Updates



Seawall Vulnerability Study



Dune Management

Cynthia Fuentes, PE Engineering Division Manager City of Delray Beach



Stormwater Master Plan (SWMP) Update

- Update of the City's previous Master Plan from 2001
- Completed by ADA Engineering
- Identified and ranked Problem Areas
 - Including drainage problems, street flooding, tidal flooding, inadequate infrastructure, stormwater quality and recharge
- Create a plan to address issues over the next 30 Years
- Entire Plan Estimated Cost ~ \$380M



SWMP Implementation Approach



- Current Capital Projects Under Way
 - Thomas Street Pump Station
 - Tropic Isle Improvement
 - Marine Way Drainage & Pump Station
- Future Capital Improvements Projects
 - Using recommendations in the SWMP
 - Available Funding
 - Coordination with other projects
 - Input from residents
- Repair and Rehabilitation Continuous Effort
 - Pipe Lining
 - Backflow prevention









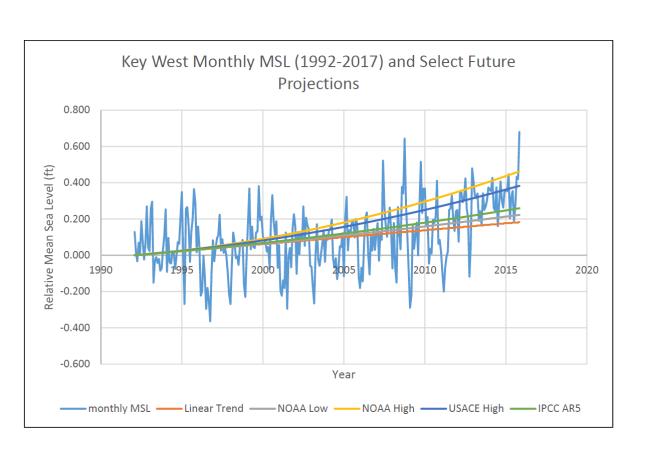
Intracoastal Waterway (ICW) Water Level and Infrastructure Vulnerability Study

- 1 Mile of Public Seawalls
- 20 Miles of Private Seawalls
- Assessed vulnerability to flooding along ICW
 - Water level predictions for 30 years
 - Assessed current conditions of seawalls
- Identified options to protect infrastructure
 - Compared current conditions against water level predictions









Average Daily Maximum
Water Level 2017

1.0 ft.

30 years of Sea Level Rise

0.6-1.1 ft.

5-year Return Period Event

1.8 ft.

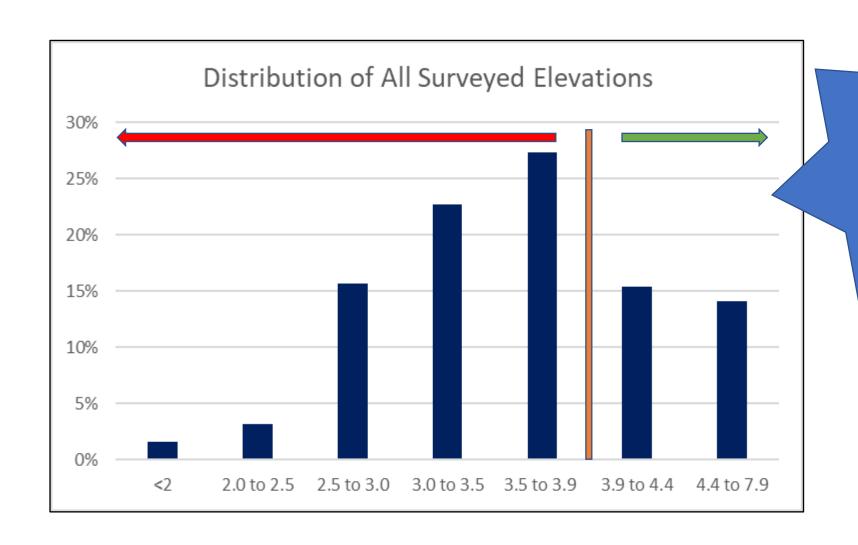
Freeboard

0.5 ft.

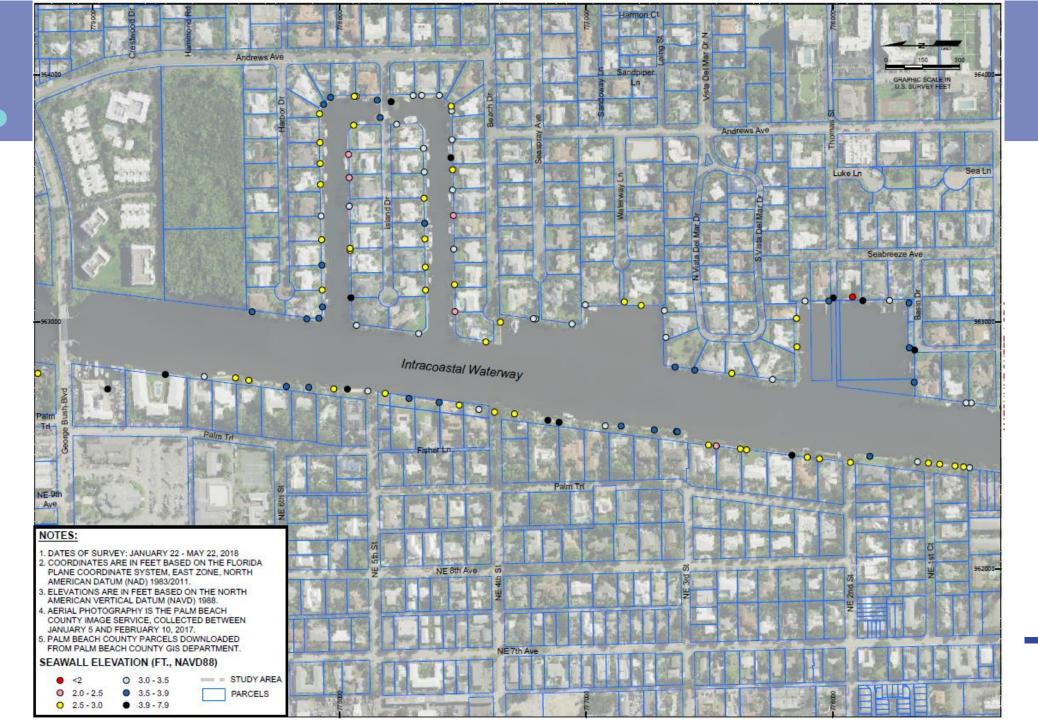
3.9 to 4.4 ft. NAVD

Seawall Elevation Analysis





30-Yr Planning Elevation Range = 3.9 - 4.4 Ft NAVD







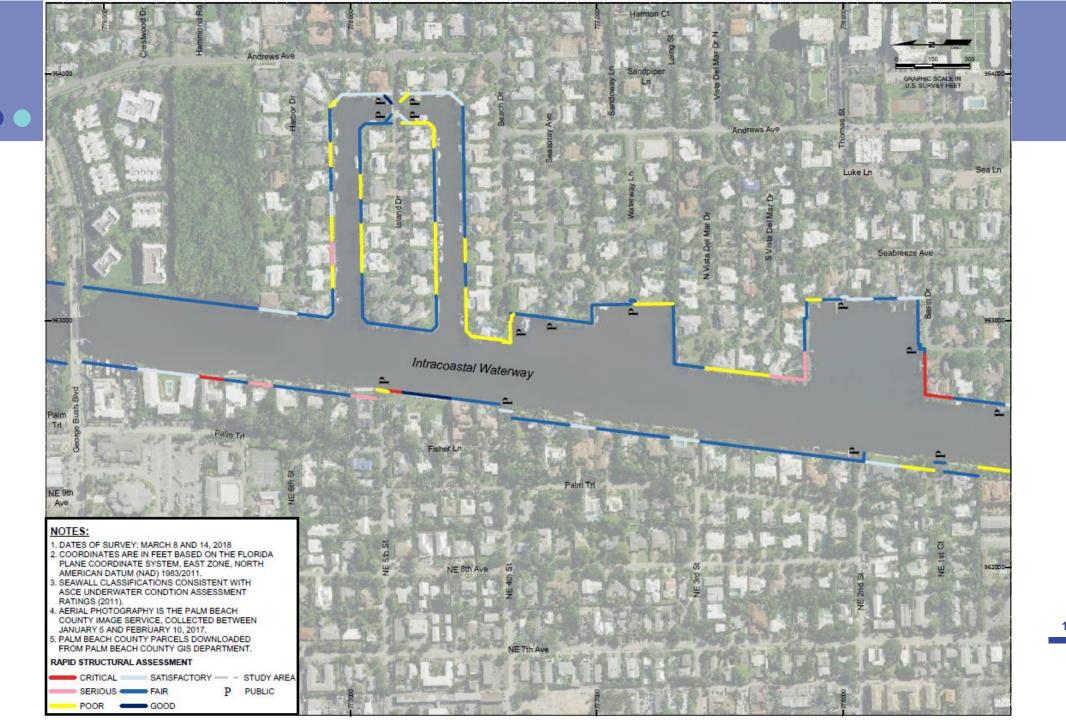


	Good	Satisfactory	Fair	Poor	Serious	Critical
Public	1	16	9	3	0	0
Private	48	170	450	152	41	7
Total %	4%	19%	53%	18%	5%	1%



Beach Drive







ON BEN

Seawalls - Implementation Approach

- Public
 - Approximately half of seawalls either already raised or under way
- Private
 - City to adopt Ordinance to Protect City and Residents from Projected Sea Level Rise





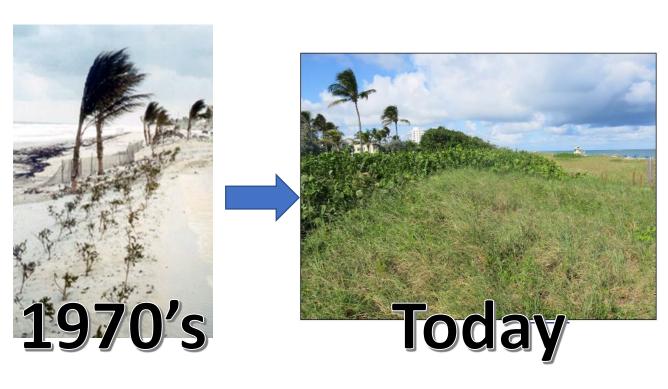
2018 Veteran's Park Seawall Improvement





ON BEN

- Natural barrier to destructive forces of wind and waves
- Absorb impact of storm surge and high waves, moderating inland flooding
- Supply sand to the eroding beach during storms
- Buffer windblown sand and salt spray





Dune Maintenance

• City Efforts

- Dune Trimming
- Removing Exotics
- Keeping public off the dunes

• What you can do:

- Use dedicated walkways to get to the beach
- Keep recreational activities away from the dune, including boats, surfboards, and beach chairs
- Educate friends and family about the impacts



Capital Improvement Stormwater Project





Capital Improvement Project: Palm Trail and George Bush Boulevard Drainage Intersection Improvements

Isaac Kovner, PE
Principal Engineer
City of Delray Beach

Capital Improvement Project Palm Trail



Neighborhood Improvement Project Areas

Palm Trail and George Bush Boulevard Intersection - \$180,000

Palm Trail/George Bush Blvd. Intersection

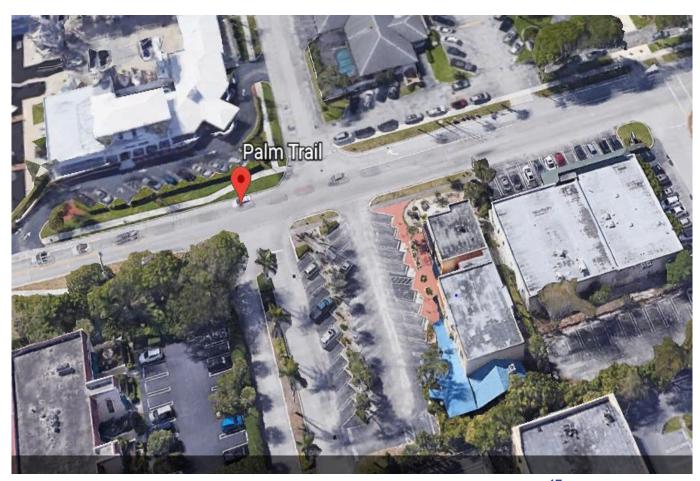


Concerns:

- Roadway and Tidal Flooding
- No check valve on outfall

Remedies:

- Install Check Valve
- Improve drainage system piping



State and Federal Coordination





Community Rating System



National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System



Local Mitigation Strategy

Joseph Williams
Project Manager I
City of Delray Beach



Community Rating System

National Flood Insurance Program Community Rating System (CRS)

- The National Flood Insurance Program's (NFIP) Community
 Rating System (CRS) is an organization that ranks participating
 communities in accordance with their level of participation and
 documentation of flood prevention activities.
- Cities earn credits which helps residents receive discounts on their flood insurance premiums.
- The City of Delray Beach is an active participant on the NFIP CRS program and has recently received an additional credits which equates to a 15% discount on flood insurance premiums for residents of Delray Beach.





Community Rating System

Message	Outcome		
Know your flood hazard	More map information inquiries		
Insure your property for flood hazard	Increase in the number of flood insurance policies		
Protect people from the hazard	Fewer water rescues and police citations for ignoring barricades		
4. Protect your property from the hazard	Reduced property loss due to flooding		
5. Build responsibly	Reduced number of building department citations		
Protect natural floodplain functions	Improved water quality as reported in NPDES		
Be prepared for hurricanes and storm surges	Reduced property loss from hurricanes and storm surges		
Maintain your stormdrains	Reduced street flooding events from clogged stormdrains		
Drive responsibly in flood events	Reduced reports of stalled cars and home flooding from traffic wake		
10. Plan for sea level rise	Increased openness to freeboard restrictions and other mitigation		

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)





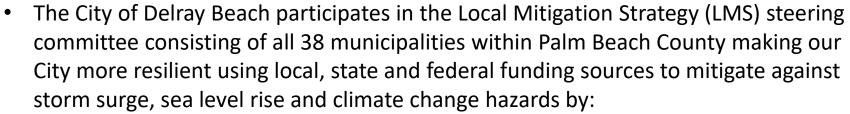
- Created in 1972 by the Clean Water Act, the NPDES permit enables the state to enforce water pollution regulations.
- NPDES permits make sure that a state's mandatory standards for clean water and the federal minimums are being met
- City participates in countywide MS4 permit with the State of Florida
 - 2018-2019 study reported decreased pollution results!
 - Improved drainage abilities with maintenance of roadways and stormwater conveyance systems
 - Reduced phosphorus levels in shared water bodies through joint efforts with neighboring communities (such as the Lake Ida drainage basin)





Local Mitigation Strategy (LMS2020)





- Increasing the number of planning stakeholders we are working with for assessments
- Analyzing local flooding conditions as it relates to Palm Beach County communities
- The City includes mitigation projects in its Master Plans and Capital Improvement plans such as:
 - Tidal Check valves
 - Seawall Improvements
 - Stormwater Pump Stations



Seawall Ordinance Comparisons





Comparison of Seawall Ordinances In Nearby Communities



Community Input

Molly Daly
Assistant Sustainability Planner
City of Delray Beach



Definitions

N. American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88):

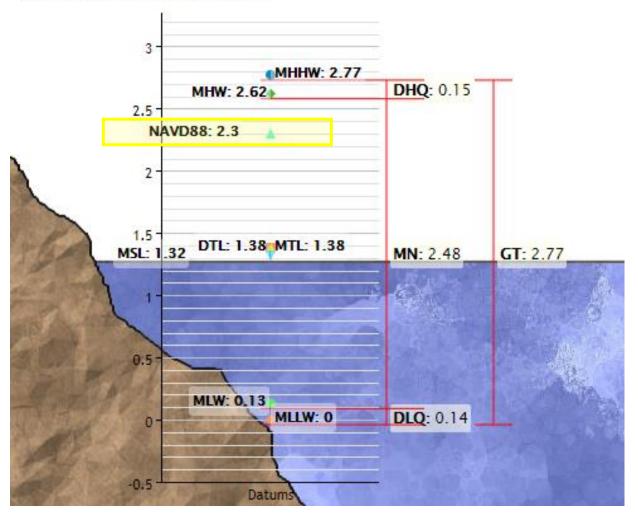
Uses a tidal benchmark and mean sea level from 1985 to establish a vertical datum

Elevation (Elev.):

Height above a reference point

Datums for 8722746, DELRAY BEACH, FL

All figures in feet relative to MLLW





Seawall Ordinance

What seawall ordinances typically include:

Applicability

 E.g.: Applies to all new seawalls and to those undergoing repairs/renovations of more than 50% of length of the seawall

Maintenance

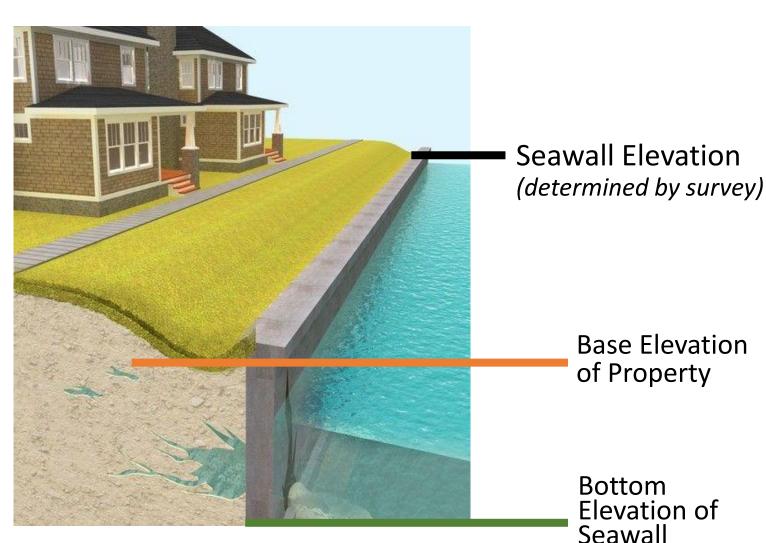
• E.g.: Must maintain the seawall in "good" condition

Seawall Elevation

E.g.: Requiring a minimum and/or maximum seawall elevation

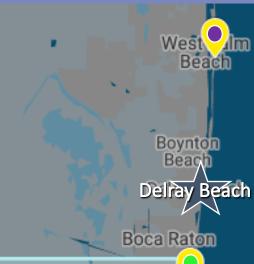
Penalties for Seawall Failure

• E.g.: If a seawall fails to prevent flooding and damages are caused



Comparison of Seawall Ordinances In Other Communities (NAVD88)





Lauder dale

Hollyw ood

Surfside

Min. elev. of 3.5 ft

Elev. of 5ft 10 inch

Sea Ranch Lakes

Lighthouse Point

Max elev. of 4.0 ft

Miami Beach

Min. elev. of 5.7 ft

Broward County

Belle Glade

Clewiston

(Proposed 2019) Minimum elev. of 5ft

Ft. Lauderdale

Min. elev. of 3.9 ft and max base flood elev. (FEMA)

Max elev. of 5ft 10 inch

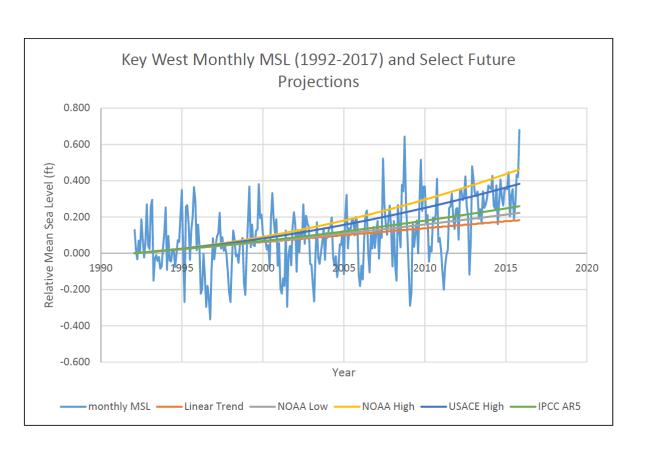
Miami

(Proposed 2019: Elev.= 7 ft) North of Rickenbacker Causeway: Min. elev. of 3.5 ft South of Rickenbacker Causeway: Min. elev. of 4.45 ft









Average Daily Maximum
Water Level 2017

1.0 ft.

30 years of Sea Level Rise

0.6-1.1 ft.

5-year Return Period Event

1.8 ft.

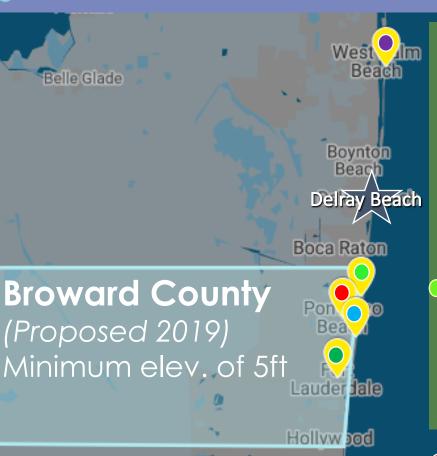
Freeboard

0.5 ft.

3.9 to 4.4 ft. NAVD

Comparison of Seawall Ordinances In Other Communities (NAVD88)





Clewiston

3.9 to 4.4 ft. NAVD Surfside

Min. elev. of 3.5 ft

Lighthouse Point Max elev. of 4.0 ft

Ft. Lauderdale

Min. elev. of 3.9 ft and max base flood elev. (FEMA)

Pompano Beach
Max elev. of 5ft 10 inch

Sea Ranch Lakes

Elev. of 5ft 10 inch

Miami Beach

Min. elev. of 5.7 ft

Miami

(Proposed 2019: Elev.= 7 ft)
North of Rickenbacker
Causeway: Min. elev. of
3.5 ft
South of Rickenbacker

Causeway: Min. elev. of 4.45 ft



Community Involvement

What type of seawall standards would you like to see in Delray Beach?













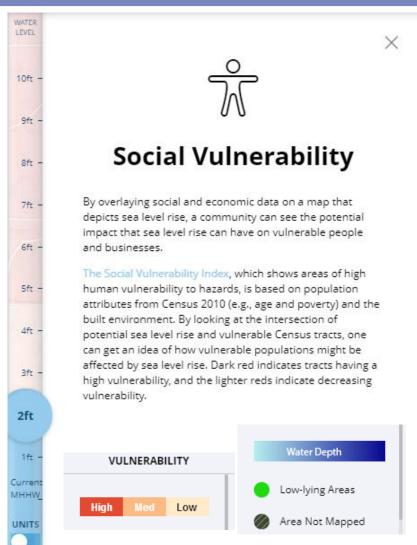
Additional Resources

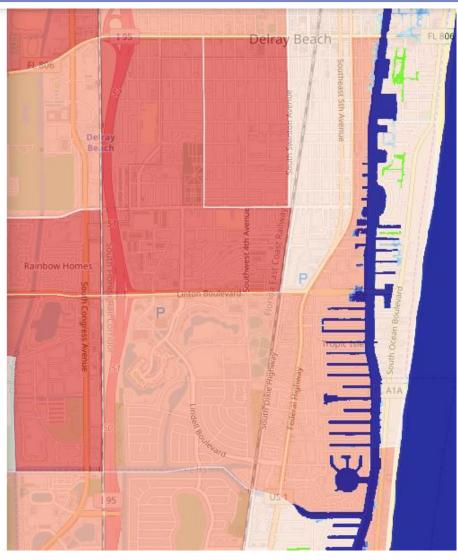
Upcoming:

Climate Change
Vulnerability
Analysis for SE
Palm Beach County

The Palm Beach Post

"Palm Beach County,
cities band together to
study climate change
vulnerabilities"



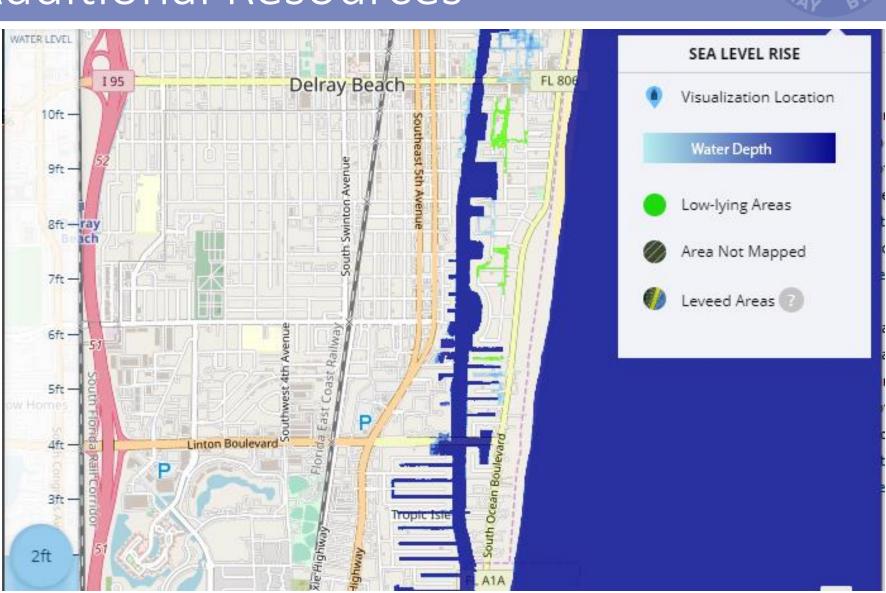




Additional Resources

Upcoming:

Updated Sea Level
Rise Map for
Delray Beach

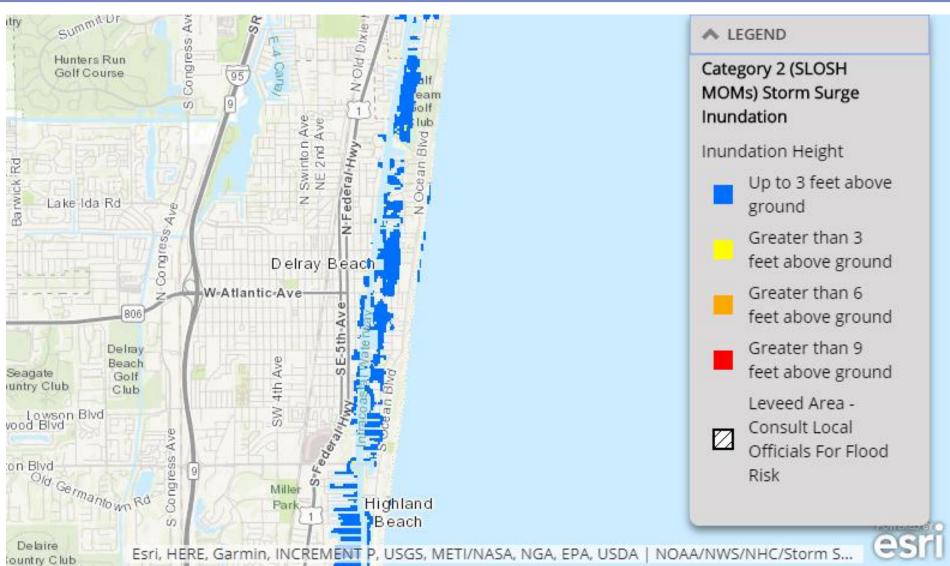




Additional Resources

NOAA Storm Surge Hazard Maps (Interactive)

https://noaa.maps. arcgis.com/apps/M apSeries/index.html ?appid=d9ed7904d bec441a9c4dd7b27 7935fad



Questions?



For this presentation and more information, please go to: www.ResilientDelray.com

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33

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